Adopted: 4/7/04 MSBA/MASA Model Policy 534 Charter
Orig. 2017 (as ISD Policy)
Revised: 6/21/23 Orig. 2022 (as Charter Policy)

### 534 SCHOOL MEALS POLICY

[Note: In 2021, the Minnesota legislature amended Minnesota Statutes section 124D.111, which states that Minnesota participants in the national school lunch program must adopt a school meals policy].

[Note: This MSBA/MASA model policy is drafted to be consistent for all grade levels. However, charter schools may vary the meal charge policy for elementary, middle, and high schools.]

[Note: Charter schools must follow appropriate debt collection practices when attempting to recover unpaid meal charges.]

# I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that students receive healthy and nutritious meals through the charter school's nutrition program and that charter school employees, families, and students have a shared understanding of expectations regarding meal charges. The policy of the charter school is to provide meals to students in a respectful manner and to maintain the dignity of students by prohibiting lunch shaming or otherwise ostracizing the student. The policy seeks to allow students to receive the nutrition they need to stay focused during the school day and minimize identification of students with insufficient funds to pay for school meals as well as to maintain the financial integrity of the school nutrition program.

#### II. PAYMENT OF MEALS

[Note: Payment systems and procedures will likely vary from charter school to charter school. The charter school should select one of the following options and delete the remaining options.]

- A. All meal purchases are to be prepaid before meal service begins. A student who does not have sufficient funds will not be allowed to charge meals or a la carte items until additional money is deposited in the student's account. Money can be deposited through Infinite Campus or cash/check at school.
- B. A participant that receives school lunch aid under Minnesota Statutes section 124D.111 must make lunch available without charge and must not deny a school lunch to all participating students who qualify for free or reduced-price meals whether or not that student has an outstanding balance in the student's meals account attributable to a la carte purchases or for any other reason.
- C. A student with an outstanding meal charge debt will be allowed to purchase a meal if the student pays for the meal when it is received.
- D. A student who has been determined to be eligible for free and reduced-price lunch always must be served a reimbursable meal even if the student has an outstanding debt.

- E. Once a meal has been placed on a student's tray or otherwise served to a student, the meal may not be subsequently withdrawn from the student by the cashier or other school official, whether or not the student has an outstanding meals balance.
- F. The charter school may provide an alternate meal that meets federal and state requirements to a student who does not have sufficient funds in the student's account or cannot pay cash for a meal. The charter school will accommodate special dietary needs with respect to alternate meals.
- G. When a student has a negative account balance, the student will not be allowed to charge a snack item.
- H. If a parent or guardian chooses to send in one payment that is to be divided between sibling accounts, the parent or guardian must specify how the funds are to be distributed to the students' accounts. Funds may not be transferred between sibling accounts unless written permission is received from the parent or quardian.

# III. LOW OR NEGATIVE ACCOUNT BALANCES - NOTIFICATION

- A. The charter school will make reasonable efforts to notify families when meal account balances are low or fall below zero.
- B. Families will be notified of an outstanding negative balance once the negative balance reaches \$0. Families will be notified by *Infinite Campus Parent Portal*.
- C. Reminders for payment of outstanding student meal balances will not demean or stigmatize any student participating in the school lunch program, including, but not limited to, dumping meals, withdrawing a meal that has been served, announcing or listing students' names publicly, or affixing stickers, stamps, or pins.

# IV. UNPAID MEAL CHARGES

- A. The charter school will make reasonable efforts to communicate with families to resolve the matter of unpaid charges. Where appropriate, families may be encouraged to apply for free and reduced-price meals for their children.
- B. The charter school will make reasonable efforts to collect unpaid meal charges classified as delinquent debt. Unpaid meal charges are designated as delinquent debt when payment is overdue, the debt is considered collectable, and efforts are being made to collect it.
- C. Negative balances of more than \$0, not paid prior to end of the school year, will be turned over to the superintendent or superintendent's designee for collection. In some instances, the school district does use a collection agency to collect unpaid school meal debts after reasonable efforts first have been made by the school district to collect the debt. Collection options may include, but are not limited to, use of collection agencies, claims in the conciliation court, or any other legal method permitted by law.
- D. The charter school may not enlist the assistance of non-charter school employees, such as volunteers, to engage in debt collection efforts.
- E. The charter school will not impose any other restriction prohibited under Minnesota Statutes section 123B.37 due to unpaid student meal balances. The charter school will

not limit a student's participation in any school activities, graduation ceremonies, field trips, athletics, activity clubs, or other extracurricular activities or access to materials, technology, or other items provided to students due to an unpaid student meal balance.

#### V. COMMUNICATION OF POLICY

- A. This policy and any pertinent supporting information shall be provided in writing (i.e., mail, email, back-to-school packet, student handbook, etc.) to:
  - 1. all households at or before the start of each school year;
  - 2. students and families who transfer into the charter school, at the time of enrollment; and
  - 3. all charter school personnel who are responsible for enforcing this policy.
- B. The charter school will post this policy on the charter school's website, or the website of the organization where the meal is served, in addition to providing the required written notification described above.
- C. If the charter school contracts with a third party for its meal services, it will provide the vendor with its school meals policy. The charter school will ensure that any third-party provider with whom the charter school enters into either an original or modified contract after July 1, 2021, adheres to the charter school's school meals policy.

**Legal References:** Minn. Stat. § 123B.37 (Prohibited Fees)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.111 (Lunch Aid; Food Service Accounting) 42 U.S.C. § 1751 et seq. (Healthy and Hunger-Free Kids Act) 7 C.F.R. § 210 et seq. (School Lunch Program Regulations) 7 C.F.R. § 220.8 (School Breakfast Program Regulations)

USDA Policy Memorandum SP 46-2016, Unpaid Meal Charges: Local Meal

Charge Policies (2016)

USDA Policy Memorandum SP 47-2016, Unpaid Meal Charges: Clarification on

Collection of Delinquent Meal Payments (2016)

USDA Policy Memorandum SP 23-2017, Unpaid Meal Charges: Guidance and

Q&A

Cross References: None